

7.

(1) lesser tradesmen

(2) indentured servants and jailbirds

8. all of them

9. fifty-seven

10. five

CHAPTER 6

II. A.

1. True

2. False. Its economic foundation was the fur trade.

3. True

4. False. The colonies became directly involved in every one of Britain's wars with France.

5. False. There were only small regular armies in the seventeenth century; most troops were militia.

6. False. It was a temporary setback that sparked the Seven Years' War (French and Indian War).

7. True

8. True

9. False. Braddock's forces were defeated by the French.

10. False. France lost all its North American possessions. It reacquired Louisiana after the American Revolution.

11. False. The war increased friction between British officers and American colonials.

12. False. Colonists often gave half-hearted support to Britain, and some even worked with the enemy.

13. True

14. True

15. True

II. B.

1. d

2. b

3. b

4. c

5. a

6. b

7. a

8. c

9. b
10. b
11. d
12. c
13. b
14. c
15. c

II. C.

1. Huguenots
2. Louis XIV
3. beaver
4. Jesuits
5. *coureurs de bois*
6. ear (Jenkins')
7. Louisbourg
8. Ohio Valley
9. Germany
10. Albany Congress
11. George Washington
12. Quebec
13. militia
14. Indians
15. Seven Years' War

II. D.

1. H
2. N
3. L
4. D
5. J
6. K
7. A
8. G
9. O
10. I

11. M
12. F
13. B
14. E
15. C

II. E.

- 6
- 8
- 1
- 2
- 10
- 4
- 9
- 5
- 7
- 3

II. F.

1. F
2. G
3. C
4. H
5. J
6. A
7. E
8. I
9. D
10. B

II. G.

1. Quebec controls the mouth of the St. Lawrence River and thus the whole Great Lakes waterway to the Atlantic; Fort Duquesne was on inland rivers that flowed away from the Atlantic.
2. Because if the French retained Louisbourg, they would still have access to the Atlantic and might block or recapture Quebec.
3. They were completely cut off from France and thus unable to get supplies or reinforcements.

II. H.

1. St. Lawrence River
2. Detroit
3. Missouri River
4. twenty-seven
5. Louisbourg
6. Allegheny and Monongahela
7. Montreal
8. Spain
9. Florida

CHAPTER 7**II. A.**

1. True
2. True
3. False. European goods could be imported, but they first had to be landed and taxed in Britain.
4. True
5. True
6. False. The colonists accepted the right of Parliament to legislate, but not to tax.
7. False. The colonies did not want representation in Parliament, where they could be outvoted; they wanted to be able to decide their own taxes.
8. True
9. False. The protest was less organized and effective than the Stamp Act protest.
10. False. The Massacre caused outrage even though the British soldiers had been provoked by Boston's citizens.
11. True
12. True
13. False. The Congress only sought an end to Parliamentary taxation and a return to the earlier system, not independence.
14. False. The Americans had almost no stockpiles of weapons or supplies.
15. False. The Americans only needed to fight to a draw; the British had to conquer all of America in order to defeat the Revolution.

II. B.

1. c
2. b
3. b